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FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER

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TO: Agency Heads

FROM: L. Joe McDaniel, Controller

DATE: June 10, 2024

SUBJECT: GASB Statement No. 42 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the body responsible for setting accounting and financial reporting standards for governmental entities. GASB Statement No. 42 establishes accounting for assets which have been impaired. A capital asset is considered impaired when its service utility has declined significantly and unexpectedly. Prior to the issuance of GASB 42 there was no requirement to reduce the carrying value of fixed assets other than through depreciation.

The requirements of GASB 42 are in effect for the Commonwealth's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The Controller's Office is seeking your help in identifying any <u>material impairment</u> due to circumstances. These circumstances are defined as technological changes, laws and regulations being enacted or passed, and evidence of obsolesce. Materiality should be assessed at the Cabinet level, treating all asset types as one group. <u>If collectively all impairments total \$5,000,000 or more, your cabinet then has reportable asset impairments.</u>

The requirement of GASB 42 applies only to capital assets with material carrying values (e.g., this standard would not apply to fully depreciated capital assets.)

Definition of Impairment

GASB 42 defines asset impairment as unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital asset. The changes in circumstances that lead to impairments are not considered normal and/or ordinary. That is, at the time the capital asset was acquired, the change in circumstance would not have been expected to occur during the useful life of the capital asset.



Service utility, in turn, is defined as the usable capacity that a capital asset was expected to provide at its acquisition.

The most common indicators of potential impairment, as defined by GASB 42, are listed below.

- a. Enactment or approval of laws or regulations, or other changes in environmental factors, that limit or curtail the use of the capital asset because the asset does not meet and cannot be modified to meet the requirement of the new laws or regulations. GASB requires these impairments be reported when the change occurs not when the change goes into effect. Examples would include underground storage tanks or water treatment plants that cannot meet new EPA requirements.
- a. Technological development or evidence of obsolescence resulting in the capital asset being used much less frequently, or not at all. Examples would include magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) equipment of the enclosed type following the introduction of the more popular open models or other research equipment that is rarely used because newer equipment provides better service.

Should you have any questions, please contact Jessica Pinkston at jessica.pinkston@ky.gov or at (502) 564-8769. Thank you for your prompt response to this request.

Please complete the attached questionnaire and return by August 2, 2024.

APPENDIX A

Checklist for Assessing Capital Asset Impairments

Name of Agency:		Fiscal Year:	
Completed by:		Date:	
Insurar		al Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for ce on determining whether a capital asset has been ist are to GASB 42.	
Part 1	. – Testing for Impairment		
1.	Has there been a change in the circumsta	nces affecting the asset? (Paragraph 8)	
	YES Go to Step 2.		
	NOGo to Step 9.		
	"conspicuous or known to the gentless of any media." Attach copies of any	ge in circumstances affecting a capital asset should be government". Further, those events or changes "are cussion by the governing board, management, or the y news articles, board minutes, memos, or other ential impairment of the capital asset.	
2.	2. Is the decline in the service utility of the asset unexpected? (Paragraph 11b)		
	YESGo to Step 3.		
	NO Go to Step 9.		
	 "Unexpected" means that the chaoccur during the life of the asset. 	ange in circumstance (see Step 1) was not expected to (Para. 5)	
		tion that capital asset impairment is permanent, unless impairment is only temporary. If the impairment is ch supporting evidence.	
3.	Will the institution continue to use the ass	set? (Paragraphs 12 and 16)	
	YES Go to Step 5.		
	NO Go to Step 8.		

CHECK LIST CONTINUED

Part 2 – Measuring the Impairment Loss

 Is the impairment the result of enactment or approval of new laws or regula environmental factors that govern the asset's use? (Paragraph 9b) 		
	YES	Stop here.
	NO	Go to Step 5.
5.	Is the impairme	ent the result of change in technology or obsolescence? (Paragraph 9c)
	YES	Stop here.
	NO	Go to Step 6.
6.	Is the impairn (Paragraph 9d)	nent the result of a change in the manner or duration of use of the asset?
	YES	Stop here.
	NO	Go to Step 7.
	that ar not an by cha 1.	aph 10 discusses changes in demand for services and contrast these to situations e impairment indicators. A change in demand for the services of a capital asset is indicator of impairment by its self. The following are examples of assets impaired nges in demand or duration of use. Technological developments, which render as asset obsolete. Enactment of laws or regulations or other changes in environmental factors. For example, new water quality standards are such that a water treatment plant does not meet and cannot be modified to meet.
7.	Is the impairme	ent the result of a permanent construction stoppage? (Paragraph 9e)
	YES	Stop here.
	NO	Go to Step 8.
8.	The asset will r	no longer be used by the institution (Indicate with an "X below).
	TRUE	_Stop here.
	FALSE	_Go to Step 9.
9.	The asset is no	t impaired (Indicate with an "X" below)
		Stop here.

Source: Adopted from PPCs Guide to Preparing Governmental Financial Statements under GASBS No. 34, Tenth Edition (October 2005)

Source: State of North Carolina, Office of the State Controller